



SDG 7 and the 2030 Agenda

UN context and EPE
contribution

2026 SDG Certification Team

Rio de Janeiro, October, 2026



Empresa de Pesquisa Energética



Federal Public Company linked to the
Ministry of Mines and Energy



Conducts energy studies and compiles
energy statistics to support the national
energy planning



Team

EPE 2026

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About this report

Present EPE's achievement of the SGD Gold Seal and show how sustainability is embedded in the company's work.



SDG CERTIFICATION

The certification process, its development and the results achieved by EPE.



ENERGY AND THE 2030 AGENDA

How energy, the focus of SDG 7, contributes to progress across the other Sustainable Development Goals.



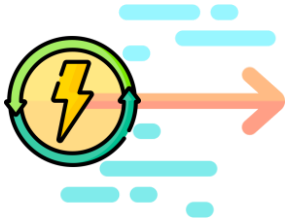
SUSTAINABILITY AT EPE

How Sustainability shapes the company's processes and the results delivered to Society.



2030 Agenda and EPE's SDG certification process

Energy as a cross-cutting accelerator of the 2030 Agenda



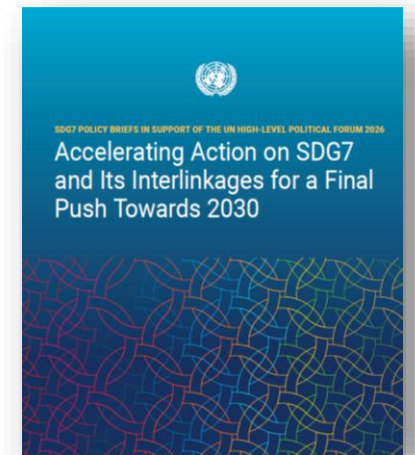
17 Integrated Goals

The 2030 Agenda, adopted by United Nations Member States in 2015, brings together social, economic, environmental and institutional challenges that require coordinated action by governments, business and Society.



SDG 7: an accelerator across the SDGs

The SDG 7 Policy Briefs, prepared for the 2026 United Nations High-Level Political Forum, identify energy as a foundation for resilience, productivity, industrialization, digitalization and economic security.



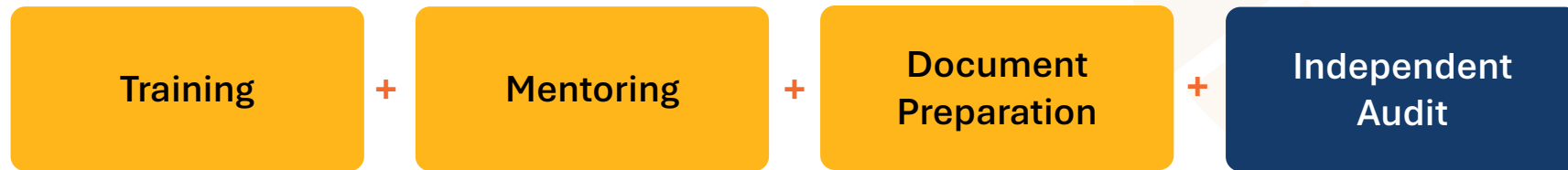
This perspective reinforces the integration of social, economic, environmental and institutional dimensions into energy planning.

Source: United Nations, 2026.

SDG Certification

The *Instituto ODS* SDG Certification Program recognizes public and private organizations that demonstrate results and evidence linked to the 2030 Agenda targets through annual assessment cycles.

The Certification Journey:



What each initiative must demonstrate:

Purpose and Period	Target and indicators	Stakeholders	Evidence and SDG Target
A clear scope and defined implementation period.	Objective criteria for monitoring results.	Audiences reached and partners involved.	Qualitative and quantitative results linked to the 2030 Agenda.

Why the Seal matters

The SDG Gold Seal recognizes EPE's ability to demonstrate, through initiatives, indicators and evidence, how different dimensions of the 2030 Agenda are embedded in its work.

Strategy



Connects institutional initiatives to global goals and supports the prioritization of relevant issues.

Management



Requires accountable teams, targets, indicators, measurement periods, results and evidence.

Reputation



External recognition strengthens credibility When communicated accurately within the assessed scope.

Transparency



Clarifies what was delivered, for whom, over which period, with partners and with what results.

Learning



Independent auditing and annual renewal encourage corrections, comparability and continuous improvement.



A Journey of institutional development



2024 bronze



2 projects

EPE Vida (SDG 3) e ABCDEnergia (SDG 4) began the process of learning the methodology and organizing evidence.

2025 silver



10 projects

The broader portfolio strengthened indicators, accountability and document traceability.

2026 gold



17 projects

One distinct initiative for each SDG achieved the highest category of the SDG Certification Program.

The entire company involved

The achievement mobilized directorates and employees to identify initiatives, organize information and present evidence.



Our 2026 project portfolio

The Gold Seal was supported by 17 approved initiatives and required coordination across all EPE directorated and departments.

1 	No poverty Project: OBEPE	2 	Zero hunger Project: Biofuels Outlook	3 	Good health and well-being Project: Health and well-being at work
4 	Quality education Project: ABCDEnergia	5 	Gender equality Project: Equity in leadership	6 	Clean water and sanitation Project: Water in energy planning
7 	Affordable and clean energy Project: Energy Efficiency Atlas	8 	Decent work and economic growth Project: Solidarity Education Program	9 	Industry, innovation and infrastructure Project: INOVA-E Platform
10 	Reduced inequalities Project: Diversity, gender and race	11 	Sustainable cities and communities Project: Smart and Sustainable Cities	12 	Responsible consumption and production Project: Isolated Communities
13 	Climate action Project: Resilience Roadmap	14 	Life below water Project: Offshore wind	15 	Life on land Project: BiodivEPE
16 	Peace, justice and strong institutions Project: Integrity Program	17 	Partnerships for the goals Project: Partnerships for planning		EPE's energy planning, studies, data and tools contribute to different goals of the 2030 Agenda.



International context and EPE's contributions to the 2030 Agenda



No Poverty

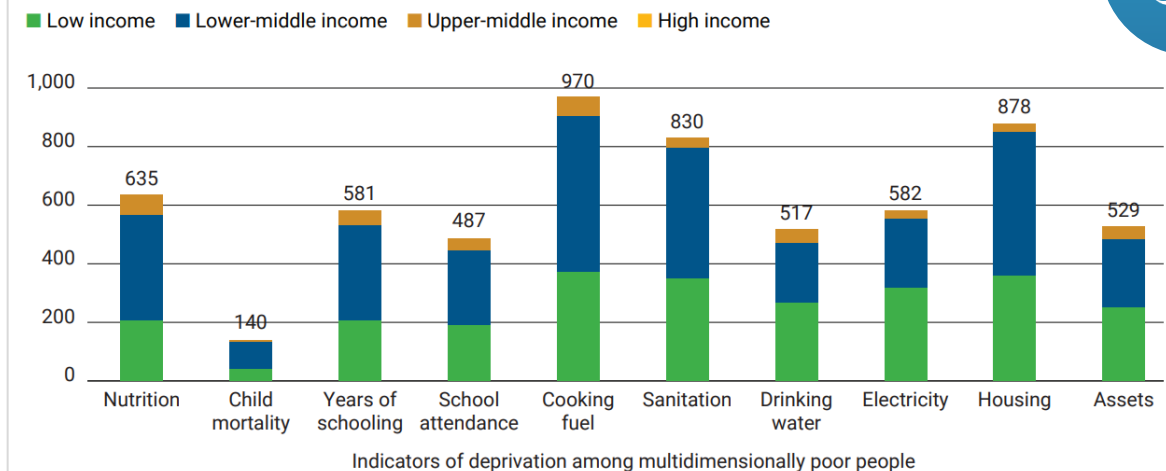
SDG 1: Eradicate extreme poverty for all people, everywhere

Poverty is a complex phenomenon involving multiple dimensions, such as nutrition, education, housing, and energy.

SDG 7 is related to SDG 1 as it work to promote access to eletricity and clean cooking,

which directly impact other dimensions of the phenomenon: improving the quality and access to information and education, in addiction to enabling improvements in housing conditions.

Number of people living in multidimensional poverty (millions)



Source: Oxford Poverty and Human Development Initiative (OPHI) and UNDP, 2025 (see endnote 5)

SDG 1: OBEPE



EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

A public platform that organizes indicators and studies on energy poverty in Brazil.

Results and evidence

Report on clean cooking;
Studies on gender and race; new databases.
4,400 views of the EPE webpage and 476 video views.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

By turning dispersed data into comparable and accessible information, OBEPE strengthens policies and programs focused on vulnerable groups and the reduction of energy poverty.

Objective

Support the design, evaluation and improvement of public policies for safe, continuous and adequate access to energy services.



<https://www.epe.gov.br/pt/publicacoes-dados-abertos/publicacoes/obepe-observatorio-brasileiro-de-erradicacao-da-pobreza-energetica>

SDG 2 | Zero hunger



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

30%

of global energy consumption occurs in agrifood systems

Agrifood systems account for around 30% of global energy consumption. In crop, livestock and fisheries value chains, approximately one quarter of this energy is used at the production stage. Feeding a population of nearly 10 billion by 2050 without exceeding 1.5°C of warming requires transforming energy use throughout the value chain.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 2 through its direct influence on production, food security and climate.



Description

An annual publication that consolidates data on biofuel production, consumption, prices, policies and Sustainability.

Results and evidence

The Technical Note is part of an annual series that tracks trends and compares the sector’s development over time. Up to 97,500 potential job opportunities associated with the sector between 2026 and 2035.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

By clarifying the links between energy, agriculture and land use, the publication provides evidence for more sustainable and resilient policies and value chains.

Objective

Improve energy planning and the debate on the relationships between energy, agriculture, food security, land use and decarbonization.



NOTA TÉCNICA
**Análise de Conjuntura
dos Biocombustíveis –
Ano 2025**

AGOSTO DE 2026



SDG 3 | Good health and well-being



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

6.4 million

premature deaths linked to PM2.5 exposure in 2021

Air pollution represents the most consequential link between sustainable energy and health. Energy production and use remain the largest global source of harmful air emissions. In 2021 alone, exposure to PM2.5 was associated with approximately 6.4 million premature deaths. Clean energy and energy efficiency reduce this risk while delivering climate and social benefits.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 3 through its direct influence on air quality and disease prevention.

EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

Ongoing workplace exercise and therapeutic massage sessions for EPE employees.

Results and evidence

The initiative encourages body awareness, active breaks and preventive care.
Survey with 88 responses: 79.5% rated the initiative satisfactory or very satisfactory, and 77.3% reported a positive contribution to well-being.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

The initiative addresses work-related health risks and reinforces an institutional culture of prevention, continuous care and improvement in life quality programs.

Objective

Prevent risks associated with sedentary behavior, repetitive movements, muscle tension and workplace stress.



<https://www.facafisioterapia.net/2019/05/conheca-ginastica-laboral.html>

SDG 4 | Quality education



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

173 million

children attend primary schools without electricity

In 2025, 77% of primary schools worldwide had access to electricity, leaving almost one in four without a connection. This affected approximately 173 million children, 97% of whom lived in Sub-Saharan Africa. Reliable energy enables lighting, connectivity, water, school meals and continuity of classes during extreme events.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 4 through its direct influence on learning, digital inclusion and school resilience.



EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

An Educational portal that presents energy concepts in an engaging, accessible format based on knowledge produced by EPE.

Results and evidence

Updated content; an episode for Brazil's national secondary national exam; 144,900 active users in the monitored content and more than 5,000 views of social media materials.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

ABCDEnergia reduces language barriers and expands knowledge about efficiency, energy sources, climate and planning, supporting education for sustainable development.

Objective

Expand energy literacy and help students, teachers and non-specialist audiences to understand the energy transmission.



SDG 5 | Gender equality



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

32%

of renewable energy jobs are held by women

Women account for only 32% of the renewable energy workforce and 22% of the oil and gas workforce. Even in solar photovoltaics, where women hold 40% of jobs, they remain underrepresented in technical and leadership roles. Gender-responsive energy policies and investments expand economic opportunities and reduce the unequal impacts of energy poverty.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 5 through its direct influence on economic autonomy, participation and a just transition.

EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

A capacity-building, knowledge-exchange and institutional coordination initiative designed to strengthen women's representation in management.

Results and evidence

Women's leadership seminar with 42 participants and a follow-up meeting with 35 participants.
Implemented in cooperation with ANP.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

Capacity building, knowledge Exchange and institutional coordination strengthen women's participation in Decision-making and translate gender equality policies into practice.

Objective

Expand leadership skills and opportunities and embed gender equity in people management and governance practices.



EPE participates in the Gender and Race Equity Program Seminar at the Ministries Esplanade

SDG 6 | Clean water and sanitation



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

370 km³

of water was withdrawn by the global energy system in 2021

The global energy system withdrew about 370 km³ of water in 2021, equivalent to roughly 10% of global withdrawals. At the same time, water abstraction, treatment and distribution depend on reliable energy. Integrated planning for both systems reduces scarcity risks, improves efficiency and protects the continuity of essential services.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 6 through its direct influence on water security, efficiency and service continuity.

Description

An integrated socio-environmental assessment of energy sources supporting Brazil's Ten-Year Energy Expansion Plan 2035.

Results and evidence

Technical Note published in February 2026 and incorporated into the PDE 2035.

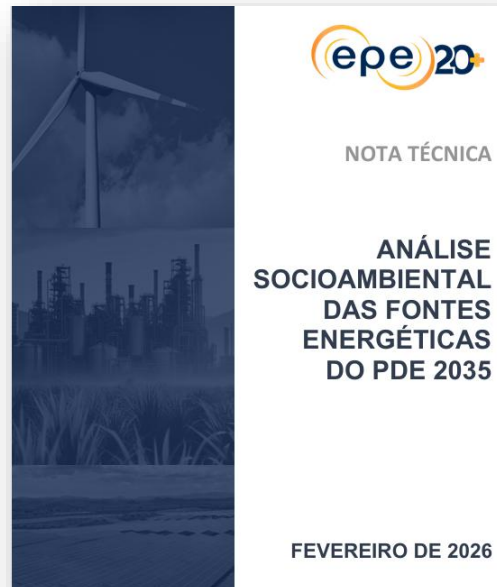
The study compares energy sources and includes socio-environmental indicators and emerging topics such as biomethane.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

By incorporating water use and management into the assessment of energy sources, the study supports more efficient choices aligned with water availability..

Objective

Incorporate multiple uses, water efficiency, water availability and climate change into the assessment of expansion alternatives.



[Socio-environmental assessment of energy sources in the PDE 2035.pdf](#)

SDG 7 | Affordable and clean energy



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

> 650 million

people still lacked access to electricity in 2023

Global electricity access reached 92% in 2023, yet approximately 666 million people remained unserved and 2.1 billion still lacked clean cooking. At the same time, renewable sources already account for most new power capacity. The challenge combines universal access, affordability, reliability and faster progress on energy efficiency.



SDG 7 advances universal access, energy security and decarbonization.

EPE's work on SDG 7

EPE's core activity, through research that supports national energy planning, are related to meeting the SDG 7. The National Energy Balance and the Energy Plans are some of the EPE products that serve to this purpose.

Past and present

National Energy Balance –
Balanco Energético Nacional



Medium-term

Ten-Year Energy Expansion
Plan – Plano Decenal de
Expansão de Energia: PDE



PDE
10
years

Long-term

National Energy Plan –
Plano Nacional de Energia: PNE



PNE
30
years

Description

A publication that consolidates sector indicators and monitors the development of energy efficiency in Brazil.

Results and evidence

The 2025 edition was published in Portuguese and English, with an open database and time series through 2024.

ODEX received an honorable mention at SNPTEE 2025 and now supports strategic monitoring by the Ministry of Mines and Energy (MME).

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

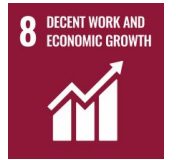
The Atlas translates the energy efficiency target into measurement capacity, making it possible to identify progress and gaps and guide policies, programs and investment.

Objective

Distinguish efficiency gains from structural and activity changes, providing a basis for policies, investment and monitoring.



SDG 8 | Decent work and economic growth



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

16.6 million

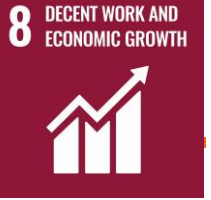
renewable energy jobs worldwide in 2024

Renewable energy employed approximately 16.6 million people in 2024. On a pathway consistent with 1.5°C, this total could approach 30 million by 2030, alongside growth in energy efficiency jobs. To distribute these opportunities, the transition must combine workforce development, decent work and stronger local value chains.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 8 through its direct influence on employment, productivity and inclusive economic development.

SDG 8 | Solidarity Education Program



EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

Volunteer Portuguese-language and mathematics classes for outsourced general services workers.

Results and evidence

In the first half of 2026, nine employees served as volunteer teachers in three weekly classes. Six workers received individualized educational support.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

By expanding essential skills and learning opportunities, the Solidarity Education Program strengthens inclusion, dignity at work and conditions for professional development.

Objective

Strengthen foundational skills, autonomy, a sense of belonging and opportunities for personal and professional development.



Source: EPE. Class held on September 9, 2026

SDG 9 | Industry, innovation and infrastructure



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

30%

of global energy consumption comes from industry

Industry accounts for approximately 30% of global energy consumption and represented almost 40% of electricity demand growth in 2024. Energy management and efficiency measures can reduce industrial energy intensity by up to 26%. The transition depends on electrification, renewables, innovation and infrastructure that can transform production processes and improve competitiveness.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 9 through its direct influence on innovation, competitiveness and low-carbon industrialization.

EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

An open digital platform that brings together Brazilian data on energy research, development, demonstration and patents.

Results and evidence

Updated materials in Portuguese and English; improved R&D and demonstration and patent modules; new classifications for strategic minerals and hydrogen. The database is used by the Brazilian Hydrogen Portal.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

INOVA-E shows where, how and in which technologies Brazil invests, supporting policy coordination, gap identification and strategic decisions on energy innovation.

Objective

Provide transparency on innovation investment, identify gaps and support the coordination of technology policies and strategies.



dashboard.epe.gov.br/apps/inova-e/index.html

SDG 10 | Reduced inequalities



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

2%

of global clean energy investment went to Africa

Africa accounts for approximately 85% of the global electricity access deficit but received only slightly more than 2% of global clean energy investment. This gap shows that expanding supply alone does not reduce inequality. Concessional finance, affordable tariffs and public participation must direct benefits to the most vulnerable territories and groups.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 10 through its direct influence on equitable access, fair financing and territorial inclusion.

SDG 10 | Diversity, gender and race

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

An ongoing program of assessment, governance and action focused on diversity, equity and inclusion at EPE.

Results and evidence

The Diversity Census engaged 71.2% of employees. Accessibility measures, Gender and Race Equity Program initiatives, and adjustments to benefits and corporate practices.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

Assessment, governance and ongoing action help remove barriers and improve conditions for participation, inclusion and belonging in the workplace.

Objective

To understand the workforce composition and the employee experiences, to remove barriers and to expand participation and belonging.



SDG 11 | Sustainable cities and communities



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

75%

of global energy use is concentrated in cities

Cities account for around 75% of global energy use and more than 70% of CO₂ emissions. At the same time, 1.1 billion people live in informal urban settlements, where climate risks are greatest. As almost two thirds of the 169 SDG targets require local action, integrated urban, energy and climate planning can accelerate progress across the 2030 Agenda.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 11 through its direct influence on emissions, infrastructure and urban resilience.

EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

An agenda connecting national energy planning with municipal decisions on infrastructure, urban services and digitalization.

Results and evidence

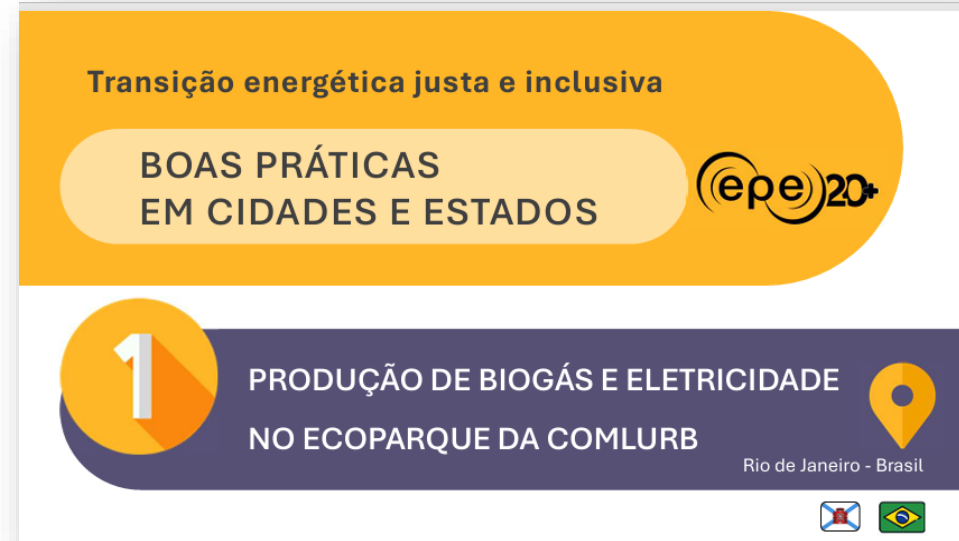
Content on biogas and electricity at Comlurb's Ecopark; discussions on public lighting and urban infrastructure; participation in workshops and coordination forums.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

By treating waste as an energy resource and promoting efficient urban solutions, the initiative helps reduce environmental pressures and improve urban infrastructure and services.

Objective

Promote efficient, resilient and inclusive urban solutions and strengthen coordination between local authorities and energy-sector institutions.



Transição energética justa e inclusiva

**BOAS PRÁTICAS
EM CIDADES E ESTADOS** 

1 **PRODUÇÃO DE BIOGÁS E ELETRICIDADE
NO ECOPARQUE DA COMLURB** 
Rio de Janeiro - Brasil

SDG 12 | Responsible consumption and production



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

6.9%

was the global circularity rate in 2021

Global circularity fell to 6.9% in 2021, while annual material extraction exceeded 100 billion tonnes. The energy transition itself increases flows of equipment and minerals. By 2050, accumulated solar panel waste may exceed 200 million tonnes, underscoring the need for durability, reuse, recycling and material recovery.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 12 through its direct influence on material efficiency, waste reduction and clean value chains.

Description

Planning and technical qualification of electricity supply solutions for locations served by isolated systems, particularly in the Amazon.

Results and evidence

Studies supported the 2025 Isolated Systems Auction. Lots I and III covered 32,279 residents and required at least 22% renewable energy in each location.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

Planning, technical capacity and procurement criteria promote efficient resource use, expand renewable energy and reduce dependence on diesel in isolated communities.

Objective

Compare alternatives, preserve supply security and expand renewable sources and efficient technologies, reducing exposure to diesel.



Source: [CNN Brasil, São Paulo](#)

SDG 13 | Climate action



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

95%

of the latest NDCs include energy-related commitments

Around 95% of the latest national climate contributions include at least one commitment linked to energy priorities. Yet renewable energy targets represent only 14% of the capacity needed to meet the global goal of tripling capacity by 2030. As energy accounts for approximately three quarters of emissions, implementing SDG 7 is critical to the Paris Agreement.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 13 through its direct influence on mitigation, adaptation and implementation of climate targets.



EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

A research program assessing the climate vulnerability of electricity generation, transmission and demand.

Results and evidence

Technical notes, fact sheets, workshops, podcasts and a risk matrix.

4,800 page views; 627 listeners across three episodes and 55 participants in demand and risk-consolidation workshops.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

The Roadmap integrates climate risk into power-sector planning, strengthening system adaptation and incorporating climate considerations into strategies and public decisions.

Objective

Integrate climate risks into planning and structure adaptation strategies that safeguard the delivery of energy services.



SDG 14 | Life below water



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

93%

of excess heat from fossil fuels is absorbed by the oceans

The oceans absorb around 93% of the excess heat generated by fossil-fuel combustion. This function limits atmospheric warming but intensifies acidification, sea-level rise and biodiversity loss. Offshore wind, ocean energy and clean maritime transport can support the transition when planning protects ecosystems and coastal communities.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 14 through its direct influence on decarbonization, ocean protection and the blue economy.

Description

Technical studies supporting regulation, leasing models and site selection for offshore wind generation.

Results and evidence

Site-selection methodology, support for the Offshore PUG and international cooperation.
Public consultation with 27 submissions; webinar with 687 participants and podcast with 208 plays.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

The studies expand scientific and institutional capacity to plan energy use of marine space by combining knowledge, rules, participation and conservation.

Objective

Enable energy use of marine space through transparent criteria, public participation and consideration of environmental and socio-economic sensitivities.



Main public source: [Methodology for offshore wind site selection](#)

SDG 15 | Life on land



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

100 million ha

of healthy and productive land was degraded each year

Between 2015 and 2019, at least 100 million hectares of healthy and productive land were degraded each year, affecting around 1.3 billion people. Renewable energy expansion may increase competition for land, water and biodiversity. Low-impact siting, agrivoltaics and the use of previously altered land help reconcile clean energy, food production and conservation.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 15 through its direct influence on land use, biodiversity and food security.

Description

A geospatial tool that brings together biodiversity data and relates it to energy projects and infrastructure.

Results and evidence

Fourth revision of the Technical Report, published in May 2026.

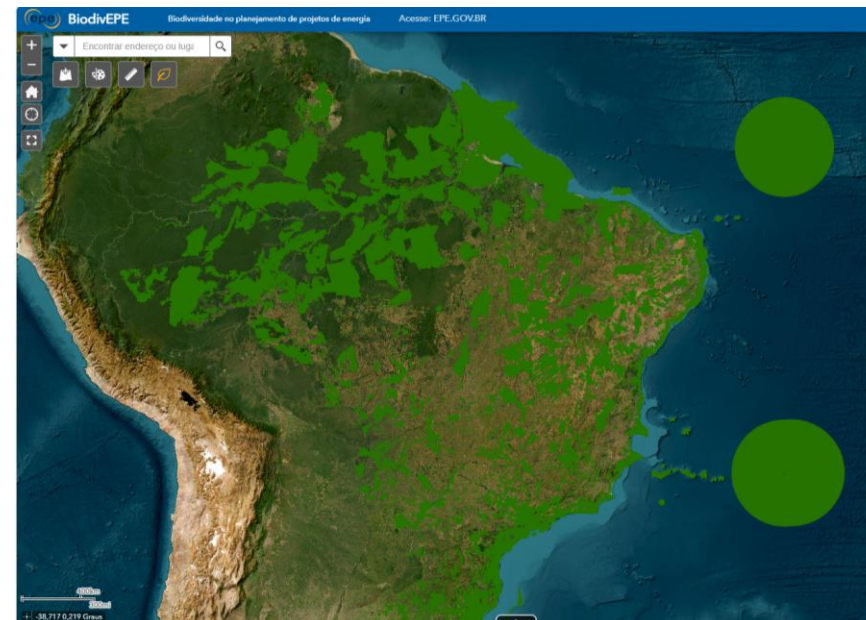
New databases, including Key Biodiversity Areas; layers, a tutorial and a data dictionary are available.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

BiodivEPE integrates biodiversity values into energy planning, increasing the ability to avoid or reduce impacts and guide more appropriate siting alternatives.

Objective

Anticipate environmental sensitivities and guide lower-impact siting alternatives for habitats, species and protected areas.



<https://gisepeprd2.epe.gov.br/biodivepe/>

SDG 16 | Peace, justice and strong institutions



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

more than 90%

of households in refugee camps lack electricity

More than 90% of households in refugee camps lack access to electricity and more than 80% lack modern cooking solutions. In fragile settings, reliable energy keeps schools, health facilities, water and justice services operating. Decentralized renewable solutions also reduce fuel dependence and strengthen trust in institutions.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 16 through its direct influence on public services, security and institutional trust.

Description

A framework that organizes measures to prevent, detect, address and remediate fraud and corruption.

Results and evidence

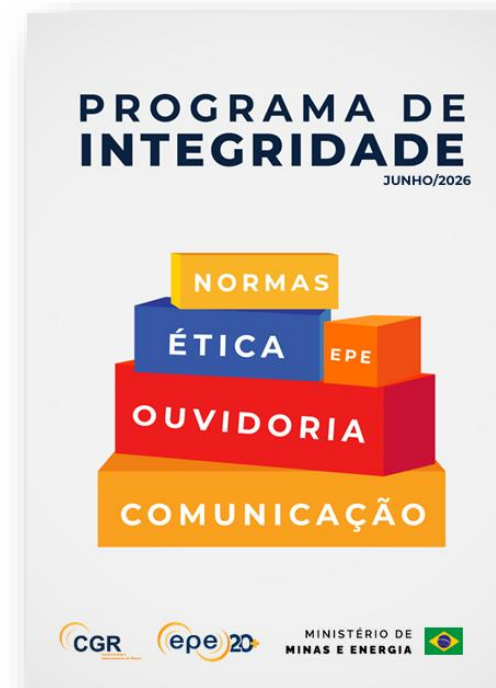
A new version developed through consultation with responsible departments. Approved by the Board of Directors in July 2026 and published on EPE's institutional website.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

The update strengthens mechanisms for preventing, detecting and responding to fraud and corruption, supporting the continued application of controls and a culture of integrity.

Objective

Update responsibilities, controls, risk management and guidance on ethics, conflicts of interest and a culture of integrity.



Main public source: [EPE Integrity Program - 2026](#)

SDG 17 | Partnerships for the Goals



INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

THE RELATIONSHIP IN NUMBERS

US\$807 billion

invested in renewable energy worldwide in 2024

Global investment in renewable energy rose from US\$285 billion in 2015 to US\$807 billion in 2024, but it still does not reach the countries and communities with the largest deficits. Partnerships among governments, financial institutions, businesses, academia and society can reduce risk, strengthen technical capacity and turn proven solutions into replicable programs.



Energy connects SDG 7 and SDG 17 through its direct influence on finance, technical cooperation and implementation capacity.

SDG 17 | Partnerships for planning

EPE CONTRIBUTION

Description

National and international partnerships combining data, modeling, knowledge, finance and multi-sector coordination.

Results and evidence

Second phase of the Energy Transition Program; climate study with six deliverables; support for Brazilian Hydrogen Portal.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE 2030 AGENDA

Partnerships mobilize and share knowledge, technical capacity and resources, expanding the quality, reach and legitimacy of sustainable energy planning.

Objective

Improve the quality, reach and legitimacy of sustainable energy planning and share capacity to address common challenges.



Main Public Sources: [Energy Transition Program](#)
• [Brazilian Hydrogen Portal](#)

Recognition of everyone who built the 2026 SDG Cycle

EPE's SDG Gold Seal reflects a Collective effort.



The 17 approved initiatives represent projects, studies, practices and process developed through the company's day-by-day work. They mobilized Every directorate, technical and corporate department, committee, commission and team responsible for planning, implementation, monitoring and communication.

The portfolio relied on focal points, initiative Leaders and teams involved in document preparation, information validation, evidence consolidation and audit process.

Each initiative required:

- specialized knowledge
- organized information
- coordination across departments
- results evidence
- indicators



Recognition of everyone who built the 2026 SDG Cycle

EPE's SDG Gold Seal reflects a Collective effort.



EPE recognizes and thanks everyone who contributed to this journey.

The SDG Gold Seal is an institutional achievement built by many hands. It demonstrates EPE's ability to integrate expertise, turn knowledge into public value and contribute to sustainable development.





SDG 7 and 2030 Agenda

UN context and EPE contribution



www.epe.gov.br



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